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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/817,257	04/01/2004	Pawel S. Vesclov	SUNMP365	1784
32291	7590	10/03/2006	EXAMINER	
MARTINE PENILLA & GENCARELLA, LLP 710 LAKEWAY DRIVE SUITE 200 SUNNYVALE, CA 94085			NGUYEN BA, PAUL H	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2176	

DATE MAILED: 10/03/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/817,257	Applicant(s) VESELOV, PAWEL S.	
	Examiner Paul Nguyen-Ba	Art Unit 2176	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 July 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,5,6,8,9 and 22-24 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,5,6,8,9 and 22-24 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Notice to Applicant

1. This action is responsive to Applicant's Amendments and Remarks filed on July 13, 2006.
2. Claims 1, 5, 6, 8, 9, and 22-24 are currently pending. Claims 1 and 22 are independent claims. Claims 2-4, 7, and 10-21 were cancelled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. **Claims 1 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lee et al. ("Lee"), U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0002952.**

Regarding independent claim 1, Lee teaches a computer-implemented method for verifying an extensible markup language (XML) document, the method comprising:

➤ *obtaining an XML document* (see Abstract and para [0036]: Lee teaches a method for verifying the validity of a received XML document when an XML application operates in an embedded device having a relatively low performance processor and a small memory as to prevent errors in the XML application due to wrong information);

➤ *accessing a compiled document type definition (DTD) for the XML document (...); and verifying the XML document using the compiled DTD, the verifying comprising generating one of a verified XML output or an error*, (see paras [0009], [0032-0033], and [0040] and Figs 4 and 5: Lee teaches an XML validator which includes a schema/DTD receiver. The schema/DTD receiver is requested to verify the validity of the XML document from the XML parser and receives a schema or a DTD corresponding to the XML document from the schema/DTD database. The XML validator then applies the XML document to the received schema or the DTD to verify the validity of the XML document).

Independent claim 22 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as independent claim 1 and is rejected along the same rationale.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. **Claims 5, 6, 8, 9, 23, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee et al. ("Lee"), U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0002952, in view of Tuatini, U.S. Patent No. U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2001/0054172.**

Regarding claim 5, Lee teaches obtaining an XML document accessing a compiled document type definition (DTD) for the XML document; and verifying the XML document using the compiled DTD as discussed in the rejection of claim 1 and suggests, but does not explicitly teach *parsing a DTD document to generate source code; and compiling the source code to generate the compiled DTD.*

However, Tuatini teaches a compiler including a parser and a code generator (see Abstract). The parser inputs the XML DTD and generates a syntax parse tree representation of the DTD (see paras [0010-0012]).

Since both references are from the same field of endeavor, the motivational purpose of reducing the cost of developing and maintaining validation applications as

Art Unit: 2176

disclosed by Tuatini would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Lee. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the teaching of Lee with the teachings of Tuatini.

Regarding claim 6, Lee, in view of Tuatini, further teach compiling the source code with a verifier interface to generate the compiled DTD (see Tuatini - paras [0010-0012]).

Regarding claims 8 and 23, Lee teaches the method of claim 1, but does not explicitly teach executing a verification algorithm being capable of distinguishing an order of elements in a DTD document.

However, Tuatini teaches a DTD that defines an “order query” that is capable of distinguishing an order to elements in a DTD document (see paras [0013-0016]).

Since both references are from the same field of endeavor, the motivational purpose of reducing the cost of developing and maintaining validation applications as disclosed by Tuatini would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Lee. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the teaching of Lee with the teachings of Tuatini.

Regarding claims 9 and 24, Lee, in view of Tuatini, teach generating an error (see Lee – paras [0031] and [0036]).

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments regarding the 35 U.S.C. § 101 rejections are considered persuasive. The Office consequently withdraws the § 101 rejections.
8. Applicant's arguments regarding the newly amended claims have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant contends that neither Lee nor Tuatini teaches or mentions a compiled DTD. The Office respectfully disagrees.

Lee teaches an XML validator which includes a schema/DTD receiver. The schema/DTD receiver is requested to verify the validity of the XML document from the XML parser and receives a DTD corresponding to the XML document from the schema/DTD database. The XML validator then applies the XML document to the received schema or the DTD to verify the validity of the XML document (see paras [0009], [0032-0033], and [0040] and Figs 4 and 5). Therefore, Lee clearly teaches a compiled DTD.

Moreover, Tuatini also teaches a compiler including a parser and a code generator (see Abstract). The parser inputs the XML DTD and generates a syntax parse tree representation of the DTD (see paras [0010-0012]).

Conclusion

9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul Nguyen-Ba whose telephone number is (571) 272-4094. The examiner can normally be reached on 11 am - 7 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather Herndon can be reached on (571) 272-4136. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2176

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

PNB
9/22/06


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